COLONIAL DAMES TO MEET

Biennial Session of the Organization Begins Tomorrow.

Two Sessions Daily During the Week-Much Business of National Interest to Be Transacted-Officers to Be Elected-Press Representatives Excluded-Reception Tonight.

The regular biennial meeting of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America will be held at the Arlington Hotel banquet hall beginning tomorrow orning at 10 o'clock and continue unti There will be morning sess at 10 and afternoon sessions at 2:30 o'clock and the number of delegates and alternates participating in the deliberations will be 170, a large number of whom have already registered with the National Secrerning's opening session will be as follows: Call to order; Lord's Prayer; examination of credentials; roll-call; reading of reports of executive committee; appointment by the chair of a business committee, to whom all new business shall be referred without discussion; committee appointed by the chair on nominations; report of the National President; report of the National Secretary; treasurer's report;

registrar's report.

An amendment to the constitution, increasing the number of vice presidents from two to three, will also be submitted to the council. The expenses of each delegate to this biennial council is paid by the National Treasurer, on receipt of a bill from the State Treasurer, including only the railroad fare to Washington and return, and \$2 a day while in Washington on duty.

The election of officers is looked forward The election of officers is looked forward to by the members with a great deal of interest, there being quite a number of as-pirants for the offices. A motion will also be made during the sessions to establish classes in history in the different State classes in history in the different State societies throughout the country, to more fully comply with article II of the constitution of the society, which says: "The objects of this society shall be to collect and preserve manuscripts, traditions, relies, and mementos of by-gone days; to preserve and restore buildings connected with serve and restore buildings connected with the early history of our country, to diffuse healthful and intelligent information con-cerning the past, to create a popular in-terest in our Colonial history," etc. It is probable that a motion will be made to surmount the crown in the official seal

of the society with the American eagle of the society with the American eagle. The seal as it is now is as follows: Within a beaded annulet, a title scroll bearing the inscription "National Society of the Colonial Dames of America." Within the scroll a shield, surmounted of the crown, quarterly of four—I, quarterly, one and four azure, three fleurs de lis or. Two and three guiles, three lions passant guardant or, for England: II, azure, three fleurs de lis or, for France; III. azure bil-lette, a lion rampant, holding in his dex-ter paw a naked sword, and in his sinister paw a sheaf of arrows or, for Holland; IV one and four (Sweden modern) azure, three one and four (Sweden modern) azure, three open crowns, or, two and three (Sweden ancient), azure, three bendlets sinister, wavy, argent, over all a llon rampant, or, crowned gules for Sweden." A great number of the delegates are of the opinion that some figure emblematical of America should surmount the seal of the society whose armorials are entirely of monarchi-

cal designs.

The debate which will be precipitated by this question promises to be very ani-

who are descended in their own right from who are descended in their own right from some ancestor of worthy life who came to reside in an American colony prior to 1750, the ancestor or some one of his descendants, being a lineal ascendant of the applicant, shall have rendered efficient service to his country during the Colonial period, either in the founding of a Commonwealth, or of an institution which has survived and developed into importance or vived and developed into importance, or who shall have held an important position in a Colonial government, or who, by dis-tinguished services, shall have contributed to the founding of this great and powerful

admitting newspaper representatives to their sessions. Mrs. William Reed, of Baltimore, the National Secretary, being asked for the reason of this prohibition on the press, said that the New York press ridiculed the proceedings and members of the ion to such a degree that the sofuture from all meetings of the society. This rule, Mrs. Geed said, will be adhered to at this meeting, but the press committee will give out for publication statements of such matters as are of interest to the general public At 11 o'clock this morning the executive

committee met and prepared the pro-gramme for the session and also discussed the question as to whether the press shall be admitted to their sessions. The com mittee was about equally divided on the proposition which will be taken up again later in the day. Tonight the local society will give to the visiting delegates a reception at the Washington Club. The function will begin at 9 o'clock and promises to be a brilliant affair. The following committees which have the matter

Reception Committee—Mrs. Beverly Kennon, Countess Esterhazy, Mrs. Glover, Mrs. Johnston Mrs. Hill Mrs Swann Mrs. Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Swain, Mrs. Appleby, Mrs. Greely, Mrs. Hindekoper, Mrs. Brice, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Van Pensselaer, Mrs. Gordon, Miss Myer, and Miss Davidge

Miss Davidge.

Supper and Arrangements Committee—
Miss Miller, Miss M. Strong, Miss Bryson,
Mis. Campbell, Mrs. Dulaney, Mrs. Powell,
Invitation Committee—Mrs. Taylor, Mrs.
A. K. Browne, Mrs. Reading, Mrs. Devereux, Miss E. W. Washington, Miss Gouverneur. Miss Bradford.

verneur, Miss Bradford.
Committee of Young Ladies for Supper
Room-The Misses Davidge. Ernest, Peter,
Gordon, Bliss, Wheeler, Powell, Taylor,
Reading, Ball, Green, S. Johnston, Star-

row, Fendall, Glaver.

The officers of the local society are: Mrs. Beverly Kennon, president; vice presidents, Countess Esterhazy, Mrs. General Ernest, Mrs. Nicholas, Mrs. James Blair;



BETTERYET TAILORING is a fact, not a theory. We're too big in the business to stop improving and strengthening our business at every point. Better cutting and fitting this season is the improvement

most noticeable. See the suits we're making to-order at \$15 Mertz & Mertz.

Betteryet Tailoring. 906 and 908 F Street.

secretary, Mrs. Rosa Wright Smith; historian, Mrs. J. Y. Taylor; treasurer. Mrs. General Heath; registrar, Mrs. Fendall.
The delegates from the District to the National Council are: Mrs. Rickey, Miss Woodbury, Mrs. Cropper, Mrs. Fendall.
The Press Committee is composed of Mrs. Rosa Wright Smith, Mrs. J. Y. Taylor, and Miss Virginia Miller.
The national officers of the society, all of whom are present, are: President Mrs.

The national officers of the society, all of whom are present, are: President, Mrs. Howard Townsend, New York city; first vice president, Mrs. E. D. Gillespie, Philadelphia; second vice president, Mrs. William W. Gordon, Savannah, Ga.; honorary vice president, Mrs. Beverly Kennon, Washington, D. C.; treasurer, Miss Elizabeth B. Nicholas, District of Columbia; secretary, Mrs. William Reed, Baltimore; assistant secretary, Mrs. J. Jackson, Baltimore; registrar, Mrs. Emil Richter, Portsmouth, N. H.; historian, Miss Anne Wharton, Philadelphia.

FOOD FOR GERMAN SOLDIERS. Nutritive Value of Egg Crack-

ers Practically Tested Consul General Guenther writes from Frankfort, March 12, 1900

"On March 9, the first battalion of the 174th Regiment commenced an eight days' march for the purpose of determining the nutritive value of egg crackers and of preserved meat and vegetables, recently man-ufactured by a firm in Mainz. The crack-ers are distributed in place of bread; the preserves contain meat and vegetables boiled together, and can be made ready for consumption in from ten to fifteen

"The marching exercises cover at first eighteen and three-quarter miles per day and are gradually increased. Officers as we'l as men are not allowed to partake of anything except the rations furnished. The barracks in which they will pass the night are closely watched so as to prevent the smuggling in of other food.

IN THE POLICE COURTS.

The Daily Grist Before Judges Kimball and Scott.

The first name called in the lower branch of the Police Court this morning was that of Henry Wilson. He was charged with vagrancy, and entered a plea of not guilty. He declined to make a statement in his the alternative of thirty days in the workhouse. Wilson "wen- down."

The next prisoner, James Williams, was charged with disorderly conduct and profanity. Policeman Hanley informed the court that the defendant had been warned about his conduct, but refused to heed the Hanley further stated that admonition. Hanley further stated that Williams defied arrest and was captured only after a lengthy chase. Judge Scott imposed the usual fine of \$5 with fifteen days in the workhouse in default.

Cora Brown, colored, extered a plea of not guilty to a charge of crunkenness and vagrancy when arraigned. Two policemen gave the woman an energy reputation.

gave the woman an ansavory reputation In her defence the Brown woman stated that she was persistently persecuted by the police. Judge Scott sent the Brown woman to the workhouse for thirty days in default of a fine of \$10. Harry Stocks was charged with operating

his automobile in Connecticut Avenue at as a greater rate of speed than twelve miles an hour, as provided by law. Policeman Geier declared to the court that Mr. Stocks was operating his automobile at the rate of nineteen miles an hour. In his deice Mr. Stocks claimed that the autonobile was under perfect control at all times, and was not a menace to life or limb while operated by him. Judge Scott imposed a fine of \$10.

Owen Butler, a small colored boy, was charged by William H. Jackson with breaking a window. The mother of the love informed the court that she was all.

boy informed the court that she was willboy informed the court that she was willing to indemnify Jackson for the amount
of his loss, and stated that she would have
done so at an earlier date had she been able.
Jackson stated that he had no desire to
prosecute the Butler boy, and would let
the case drop if he were paid for the window. The court was satisfied, and Mrs.
Butler paid \$1.25 to Jackson

dow. The court was satisfied, and Mrs. Butter paid \$1.25 to Jacksor. Charles Jackson was charged by Police-man Hanley with disorder y conduct and with assaulting Mart Warder and William J. Quinlan. It was stated that Jackson made an attempt to escape from Hanley and was captured by Warder and Quinlan. They alleged that while holding the fugitive he assaulted them. A fine of \$5 was imposed in the disorderly case and fines of \$30 were imposed in each of the assault cases. In default Jackson was sent to the workhouse for 135 days.

James Owens, colored, was the defend-James Owens, colored, was the defend-ant to two charges of refusing to pay hack hire preferred by two hackmen. It was alleged that Owens engaged the vehicles on different dates and after riding about the city calling principally on colored ministers refused to pay his fare. Owens adingness to pay what he owed on condition that he was released. At this point Judge Scott asked a few questions of Owens, eliciting answers which created the impre on that the defendant was mentally irre-sponsible. When asked at what he was employed Owens answered that he was studying for the ministry and would deliver a "trial" sermon next Sunday. Judge Scott ordered Owens committed to jail to await an examination into his mental con-

ACCUSED OF BLACKMAIL.

Farm Laborer Arrested for De-

manding Hush Money. KILLINGLY, Conn., April 24.—Bertha Lane Mellish, of this place, a Mount Holyoke College student, disappeared two years ago last November and since that time not a word has been heard from her. Yesterday afternoon Henry S. Robinson, farm laborer of Waterford, near New London, was arrested for attempting to blackmail Miss Mellish's father, Rev. John H. Mellish. Robinson has persecuted the Mellish family, since the disappearance of their daughter, with letters demanding the reward of \$500 which was offered for formation concerning Miss Mellish's

whereabouts. Robinson claims that Miss Mellish has lived in the stathern part of the State under different aliases since her disappear-ance. He claims the alleged Bertha Mellish has led a fast life and threatened exposure unless the \$500 was paid over to him. Robinson is a farm laborer for Henry Hedden, in Waterford. He says Bertha Mellish lived there for a time. The girl he alleges was Miss Mellish, was seen soon after the disappearance by both Mr. Mellish and the family physician, Dr. Hammond, who both proclaimed her not Bertha Mellish. Since his arrest Robinson still insists the young woman he discovered was Bertha Mellish and says he can produce her in court. Robinson was bound lish has led a fast life and threatened exduce her in court. Robinson was bound over to the Superior Court in \$1,000 bonds.

sentence of ten years in State prison. Killed by Footpads. WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 24.-Andrew stubis was killed and robbed by footpads on the bridge over the river at Pittston during the night. There is no clew to his murderers. His body was found this morn-ing with two bullet holes in the head and the pockets turned inside out.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A Testimonial From Old England. A Testimonial From Old England.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world-for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Werdington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." It is a great pleasure to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be able to publish testimonials of this character. They show that great good is being doty, pain and suffering relieved, and valuable lived restored to health and happiness by this remedy. It is for sale by Henry Evans, wholesale and retail, and all druggists.

A LYNCHING PROBABLE.

Great Crowds Drawn to the Ecumenical Conference.

Lands Told of by Many Speakers. Missionaries From Every Quarter of the Globe-The Meeting Likely to Lead to Larger Contributions.

NEW YORK, April 24.-Long before the doors of Carnegie Hall, where the main meetings of the Ecumenical Conference on Foreign Missions are being held this week, were opened this morning there was a crowd outside waiting to gain admission. Most of those in the crowd were delegates who had come from a distance, but many of them were residents of the city, who, profiting by experiences gained yesterday, had decided to be on hand early and get a seat if possible. Seats were not to be had yesterday before the meeting was called 9 o'clock it looked as if the attendance record would be broken.

No one who attended the meeting in Carnegie Hall or one of the overflow meetings today could help being impressed by the great interest displayed in foreign missions. There were delegates in eviwere hundreds of others whose badges as well as dress indicated that their journey to this city had not been a long one, but one and all showed that they had one aim in view, the spread of the Gospel in heathen lands.

heathen lands.

The speakers tell of their experiences in many lands, and of the work they are helping to carry on, but their talks are all alike in one particular. They tell of progress all over. Every one of the speakrees all over. Every one of the speak-ers displays enthusiasm, and it is little wonder that the audiences are at times carried away and moved to interrupt with applause. Clergymen, as well as laymen, who are in the city to attend the Confer-ence meetings, today expressed themselves as being very much pleased with the in-terest which residents of this city are terest which residents of this city are taking in the Conference, and said that they expected a lot of good to be done here. Local church congregations have al-ways been liberal in contributing mcney to be expended for foreign missions, but it is expected that hereafter purses will be ned wider for this work, and that the eased contributions will admit of mis-ary work in many quarters heretofore

sionary work in many quarters heretofore somewhat neglected.

The devotional service, which was held this morning before the regular meeting, began at 9:30 o'clock. The service was led by Bishop Ridley, of New Caledonia, B. C., a missionary of worldwide reputation, and was even better attended than was vesterless.

Sided at the regular morning meeting in Carnegie Hall, which began at 10 o'clock. When he took his place the hall was crowded to the doors. It had been expected that there would be less crowding on account of the holding of the three sectional meetings in nearby churches; but as it was there was not a vacant seat in the nall, either on the main floor or in any one of the five balconies when the opening

hymn was announced.

Bishop J. M. Thoburn, D. D., of India and Malaysia, the first speaker, had for his subject, "The Character and Importance of Evangelistic Work and the Conditions for Success." He declared that in India there were millions who had advanced out of the lowest depths of Paganism and that in Japan the Gospel truths were spreading rapidly. Women he asserted were in pidly. Women, he asserted, were in my sections of foreign lands prevented from attending services and, therefore, while the men advanced they stood still.

The evangelists," he declared, "who are to reach the women of the East will have to be taken from the ranks of the women themselves. Men cannot do the work and angels do not come back to earth. The task will rest on Christian women who must go among their sisters and reclaim I am convinced that four-fifths of turn to Christians some sections of all who turn to Christians some section heathen countries are first reached humble men and women who go to them with a Bible and a hymn book, and I think the work these persons, especially the na-tives, do, is of the greatest worth."

NEW LIGHT ON VAGRANCY.

A Woman Innocent Because Her Was Not Destined to Work.

CHICAGO, April 24,-"A woman cann be a vagrant, because woman was not made to work," was the decision of a jury in Justice Martin's court yesterday. case on trial was that of Mrs Mary Honning, who was prosecuted by officers of the Central Bureau of Charities, assisted by Mr. Hitt, of 2537 Michigan Avenue,

Mrs. Kate Kane Rossi defended the prisoner and, raising the point that a woman could not be a vagrant, induced the jury to agree with her and to return an acquittal. The woman, it was charged, had begged at Michigan Avenue houses for the last three years and had become a nuisance.

SAVED FROM A MAD BULL.

A Father's Race With the Animal to Rescue His Baby.

DERBY, Conn., April 24.-With his three-year-old daughter as the stake, Patrick Sullivan, coachman for Col. William B. Wooster, of Ansonia, ran a race with

B. Wooster, of Ansonia, ran a race with an infuriaced buil and won. The child had strayed from home, and her father in looking for her espied her in a field where a young buil was confined. The animal sighted the child at the same time, and, evidently enraged by the red garb of the little one, made a rush toward her.

The father saw the animal's onset, and, realizing the danger, ran at the top of his speed to save his child. The bull had twice the distance to cover to reach the child that he had, but the animal was only a few yards away when he caught up the child. He tossed her to one side out of harm's way almost the instant the buil butted him, throwing him to the ground.

His chin was torn open by one of the His chin was torn open by one of the bull's horns, but, stunned and dizzy, he succeeded in getting out of the field with the little girl before the bull could return for another attack. The child suffered only a scratch on the face, but the father is disfigured for life. He lost much blood from the gash in his chin.

Captain Monroe Missing. NEWPORT NEWS, Va., April 24.-Capt. Andrew J. Monroe, of the sloop Alberta, is missing. His friends and crew are unable to account for his absence and fear he has met with foul play. The last seen of Captain Monroe by any of his crew was last Monday afternoon, when he got in a buggy with a iriend to drive up town. Mr. Hamus, his companion, says that Cap-tain Monroe got out of his buggy on Wash-ington Avenue, near Twenty-seventh Street, and said he was going to Old Point to get his mail

Elected Bank Cashier.

CUMBERLAND, Md., April 24.-William S. Morgan has been elected cashier of the Citizens' National Bank in Cumberland, of which United States Senator George L. which United States Senator George L. Wellington is president. Mr. Morgan is a native of England, but has lived in Cumberland twenty-nine years. He has been connected with the J. C. Orrick & Sons Company, wholesale grocers, for twenty-one years, and is now secretary and treasurer. He is an expert accountant.

hreats Made in Ohio Against a

DAYTON, Omo, April 24.—A brutal assault was committed in the eastern portion of this city last evening, which has startled the community into a degree of excitement which may result in a lynching. Henry A. Frank, seventeen years old, a high school student, and his sister, who is a school feacher, when in a lonely spot, were attacked by a negro. As a result of

were attacked by a negro. As a result of the attack young Frank received a bullet wound in his neck.

The negro attacked the young woman, but the wounded brother fought bravely to protect his sister. After a brief struggle protect his sister. After a brief struggle the negro broke loose and escaped. The injured lad picked up his prostrate sister, and, although weakened himself, managed to assist her to the house nearby, where both were given medical attendance. The police are today scouring the country for the assailant. The young people are son and daughter of former Probate Judge J. L. H. Frank L. H. Frank

anding cities and villages to the south have been apprised of the Threats of lynching are made if the assailant is caught.

A Pensioner and His Wife Meet After

Mary Years. MADISON, Ohio, April 24.-There was a men's Relief Corps Home here last evening. Soon after the civil war N. B. Lathrop, a veteran, was married to a woman his second wife died.

his second wife died.

His first wife, Emily Lathrop, never gave
up the hope that some day they would
meet again. A short time ago, believing
that if he was alive he was drawing a pension she decided to write to the Governsion she decided to write to the Government Pension Department with a vague hope of ascertaining his address. She received a reply that he was in Vernon county. Wis. She wrote to him and he came at once and found her at the Women's Relief Corps Home. The happy couple were married by Rev. C. M. Kessler, of Painesville, and left today for Wisconsin, where Mr. Lathrop has a home and enough to support them comfortably the rest of their lives.

FORTUNE FOR A CONVICT.

By an Aunt's Will He Inherits Four teen Thousand Dollars.

TRENTON, N. J., April 24.-That "sto valls do not a prison make" is particularly applicable in the case of George Wright, of Camden, who has been confined in the State prison here for nearly a year. Although a prisoner, detained by the State authorities, Wright consideres himself extremely fortunite, for he has just received word that his aunt, Mrs. Malley, widow of, Capt. Mike Malloy, of Philadelphia, has died and left him the sum of \$14,000. Mrs. Malloy's wealth amounts to \$42,600, and \$14,000 is her convict nephew's share.

Wright has only another month to serve He was arrested and tried in Camden early last summer, charged by his wife with committing assault and battery upon her. ording to his own story, he was drunk at the time, but he says he never struck her. He asserts further that he had some words with the late Assistant Prosecutor Carson, and it was through him that he was sentenced to a year in State prison by Judge Armstrong

Wright resided in for Fifth ward. Camden, and has a son and a married and single daughter, who all reside in Cam-

Mike Malloy, who was Wright's uncle, made his money with a line of tugboats, which he operated on the waters around Philadelphia. His home was at Second and Federal streets, Philadelphia, and when he died he left all his money to his widow. It seems that Wright was a favorite nephew of Mrs. Malloy, and, despite the fact that he was a convict, she could not bring herself to cut him off from her wealth.

walls of the prison Wright has proved himself an exemplary prisoner. He has been made a runner, a position of trust

stated that the money would be ready for

A BULLET-SCARRED SKULL

Believed to Be Murdered.

POTTSTOWN, Pa., April 24.-Some years igo a peddler, George Smith, of Schuylkill maid, representing the household of Bishop
Charles Cheney.

Haven, mysteriously disappeared. It was was always thought that he had been murdered, but no evidence could be secured to dered, but no evidence could be secured to prove this belief. Yesterday Morris Bowen, of North Manheim township, at a point near Schuylkill Haven, while fishing in large Chinaman does not wash, or, at least on, of North Manheim township, at a point is a stranger there at present. The ordinear Schuylkill Haven, while fishing in the Schuylkill River, secured the upper portion of a man's skull. It bore a clear ole is getting recognized, however. und hole made by a bullet of large cali-

It is thought that this skull is that of the peddler, who was murdered and his body buried in the bed of the river. The coroner is investigating the mystery.

Jakobowski Takes a Turn. READING, Pa., April 24.-Saloonkeeper Joseph Jakobowski, of this city, who was arrested by United States Secret Service officers Saturday night for passing counter feit coins swore out a warrant today for the arrest of Charles Zimmerman, a comparative stranger in Reading. He was ar rested while at work and committed to jail, charged with passing counterfeit money on Jakobowski.

ment from Leipzig, March 7, 1900: "The boot and shoe manufacturers of Wessenfels, Prussia, according to the 'Leipziger Tageblatt, have increased the price of boots and shoes 5 per cent. It is said that this action on the part of the manufac-turers is due to the fact that the price of leather has been recently advanced."

Our Imports From Holland.

Gardening His Hobby

The Wealth of the Se Chuen District Told by a Missionary.

Beds of Soft Coal of Unknown Extent-Project for the Building of a Railway-Opportunities Presented for American Manufacturers to Introduce Goods Into the Empire.

NEW YORK, April 24.-The Rev. Q. A. Myers, for the last five or six years a missionary of the Methodist Church stationed at Shun King, fifteen hundred miles from Shanghai, in the extreme western part of China was at the Methodist Rock Concern on his way home to Newport, Ind., where Le will try to regain his lost health. Mr. Myers is a wideawake young American, apparently a keen observer, enthus astic in his work, and will return to Shun GUARTER OF A CENTURY APART King as soon as his health will permit. He ompanied by his wife and child. "Se Chuen, in which I have been labor

ing," said Mr. Myers to a reporter, " doubtless one of the richest provinces in omantic marriage at the National Wo- the Chinese Empire, and it is densely populated. No strictly accurate census has ever been taken, of course, but the lowest of Vermont. Some twenty-five years zgo the province at thirty million, and I would he left home to search for work and did not be surprised if there were forty milnot return for years. When he returned lion. The western border of the province he found his wife was not there, and after stretches out to Tibet, and wherever you thorough search made up his mind she was go there are villages, villages, villages, dead. Later, however, he got a divorce with numbers of walled cities here and and married again. Only a short time ago there for trade centres. Four or five years ago, when I made my first visit to Chen Fu, the capital of the province, it took ten days to go from Shun King, and I passed through seven walled cities. A walled city in China is a centre of commerce and wealth, as wealth goes in China, and the villages dotted in between those walled citwent there with Mrs. Myers in February, 1894, and our house was the first foreign house built in Shun King. One could travel ten days into the interior then without meeting a single Christian.

"Industrially, Chen Fu is bound to figure prominently in the future of China. The Yangtse River runs through it, and there is navigation for small boats a long dis-tance up from Shanghai. This province is tance up from Shanghai. This province is sure to be a live spot in the development of the empire, for the reason that almost limitless beds of soft coal underlie the neighborizord of Shun King. There is a great deal of mining done now, but all the coal is transported on the backs of coolies, who carry a basket with about sixty pounds in it through the mountains, where there are hills to be climbed, and about eighty pounds on the plains. In traveling about one passes thousands of these coalabout one passes thousands of these coal carrying coolies coming and going. The work for pitifully small sums, a few cent a day. This system of transporting cos work for pitifully small sums, a few cents a day. This system of transporting coal will all be changed in a few years, as Pritchard Morgan, a member of Parlia-ment, of London, and capitalists associat-ed with him have obtained from the Chi-nese Government a large concession, and they are not letting the grass grow under their feet.

"There is a good deal of rivalry in the province between the English and the French pioneer business men and promot-ers. Mr. Morgan seems to have obtained an extremely valuable concession. When I left Shun King a few weeks ago Mr. Morgan's engineers were hard at work in and around Shun King running lines, and no doubt getting an early estimate of the cost of a railway up the Yangtse Valley. I tried to get from Mr. Murdock, one of the engineers, who wanted to rent our house while I was away, some information with reference to his pilans but he was with reference to his plans, but he was close-mouthed. I guess he didn't want to run any risk of Frenchmen finding out what he was about. Doubtless for several years transportation of coal will be by way of the river, but in time the railway will be built, and it won't be so very long.

either.
Yes, American goods are beginning to be sent up the Yangtse. I was agreeably surprised when I went out to a hardware store in Shun King just before I left to used yet, as the Chinamen don't know been made a runner, a position of trust which is the ambition of all inmates to secure. He is liked by his keepers, and owing to his good behavior will get a time allowance of fifty days.

The prisoner is about fifty years old. The first intimation he had of his good fortune was a letter from an uncle which stated that the money would be ready for know what it is intended for. If you'll pardon the feeble joke, I should say the American screw has worked its way in, and it's there to stay.

"Another surprising thing in the way of nnovation is the way in which the Ameriinnovation is the way in which the American camera has caught on in the interior of China. The old saying is that it is the unexpected that happens. The American camera is the unexpected. The Chinamen of the better class are buying cameras right and left, and snapping their children and wives just as we do here.

and wives, just as we do here

Western China, if I mistake not. Over and Western China, if I mistake not. Over and over again, as I have traveled through the interior of the province, have I been approached by inquisitive Chinamen—and they are all inquisitive—who would take the liberty of pulling up my trousers leg and inspecting my sock. The well-to-do Chinaman wears socks himself, and spends a good part of his income for them, and he likes to know all about your socks. The American undershirt is something that interests him, too. There is no national prejudice against it. It is out of sight of prejudice against it. It is out of sight of course, and as its primary object is to keep the body warm, the Chinaman will buy the American undershirt if he can get it cheaper than his home weaver can make it. "The French are making progress in ommercial enterprises. They recently tade enormous demands on the governor of the province because a French priest had been imprisoned by a mob. They wanted millions of taels and hundreds of acres of land. They have not secured what they asked for yet, but they may follow it up

Manila Children and the Flag.

dag the military salute is given, which is as follows:

The right hand is uplifted, palm downward to a line with the forehead close to it. While thus standing with the hand uplifted and in the attitude of salute, all the pupils repeat together, slowly and distinctly, the following pledge:

"I pledge allegiance to my flag and to the Republic for which it stands. One nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

At the words as pronounced in the pledge, "to my flag," each one extends the right hand gracefully, palm downward, toward the flag until the end of the pledge of affirmation. Then all lands drop to the side. The pupils, still standing, all sing in unison the song, "America," "My country 'tis of thee."

In the primary departments, where the children are very small, they are taught and repeat instead of the pledge as given for the older children."

IF YOU HAVE
a tendency to weak lungs, a cold
is dangerous. Scott's Emulsion
strengthens the lungs and helps
you to work off the cold.
All Druggists; 50c. and \$1.00.

CLOSING-OUT SALE

Our Branch Store at 917 Pennsylvania Avenue Passes From Our Control the 1st of June and the Entire Stock Must Be Disposed Of.

Made-to-Measure Suits

WILL BE MADE AT

ALMOST HALF THEIR VALUE

is what this great sale will mean to you. We do not intend to move one yard of this choice stock from its present location. We have no room for it in our merchant tailoring establishment at the corner of Eleventh and F Streets, hence we have concluded that

WE WILL BEGIN THE SALE TODAY

We cannot quote the prices on so large a stock. EVERY SUITING WILL BE SOLD AT SACRIFICE PRICES. PLACE YOUR ORDER TODAY!

The Standard Tailors, 917 Pa. Ave.

THE SAUER MURDER TRIAL

Jury Completed and the Taking of Testimony Commenced.

Nally Tells of the Origin of the Affray in a Saloon, and Later Finding Allen Unconscious in the Street-Statements of Other Witnesses Regarding the Trouble.

In a very short time after the trial of William Sauer, who is charged with the murder of James Allen, was resumed this morning in Criminal Court No. 1, a jury was selected. The special panel is composed of the following: James C. Carroll, William Baker, John J. Fister, Henry Sayles, Robert Scott, George W. Thomas, George E. Long, Wallace Murdock, Simon Hughes, Frederick W. Buddeck, George

H. Dawson, and Albert Grupe. The defendant is a member of the Marine Corps, stationed at the local marine barracks, and the deceased was a civilian. The trouble which resulted in the death of Allen took place near the corner of Eighth and G Streets southeast on the night of February 12 last. Allen, however, did not die until February 23. The first witness called by the Govern-

ment was Solomon Nally. He stated that on the date mentioned, he went to McNa-mara's saloon, to get a glass of beer. While in the saloon, the witness stated, a difficulty arose between the defendant and the deceased, and the lie was passed. Af-ter this it was stated Allen left the saon and in a few minutes after Sauer also

About five minutes later Nally said he also left the saloon, but had not proceeded far when he came upon Sauer and Allen, ap23-2f.em marreling. When he arrived within a short distance of the men the witness stated that the defendant struck Allen in the face. Allen fell to the ground and when picked up was unconscious and was removed to the Eastern Dispensary and later was removed to Providence Hospital, where he died eleven days after. The next witness was W. H. Miller,

whose testimony was in the main corroborative of that given by Nally.

The next witness was Dr. James Kerr, who described the nature of the wounds found on Allen's head. In addition to the fractured skull, on the left side of the head, it was stated that there were several scalp wounds found on the right side inds found on the right side

eral scalp wound of Allen's head.

Turkey's Unit of Value

Wrongly Translated (From the Chicago Tribune.)

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Craw-Hag Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter. Salt Rheum. Scald Head. Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during techning time. 35 cents a box. Sold by F. S. Williams, Ninth and F Streets; Edmonds & Williams, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue.—3.

That Throbbing Headache

rears.

Feneral will take place April 25, at 2 p. m. a Rhadensburg, Md.

at 1 p. m. Friends and relatives invited. It
THACKERAY—On Saturday, April 21, 1500, at
8:25 p. m., LAURA, beloved wife of Thomas
Thackeray, in the fifty-first year of her age.
Funeral from her late residence, 625 Ninth
Street southwest, Tuesday, April 24, at 9:30 a. m.
Interment Loudon Park Cemetery, Baltimore,
Md. Baltimore papers please copy.
It
SHIVERS—On April 22, at 7 p. m., ANNIE
SHIVERS, at residence, 830 North Washington
Street, Alexandria, Va.
Funeral at 9:30 a. m., April 24.

1t

Guzman's Concert and Amusement Bu-reau, heretofore conducted in our ware-rooms by E. F. Guzman, has been discon-tinued. Hereafter we will no

tinued. Hereafter we will personally man age all ticket sales left with us. E. F. DROOP & SONS. Droop's music House, 925 Pa. Ave.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS for the election of directors of the Wash-ington Safe Deposit Company will be held on Friday, the 27th day"of April, A. D. 1890. Polls open at 12 m. and close at 1 o'clock SAM CRO mh29-dtoap27,inc,em

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COCUMBIA, THE 21ST DAY OF APRIL, 1900. VIRGIE L. GOUDAL vs. ALFRED A. GOUDAL NO. 2009. Docket 48. On motion of the plaintiff, by Mr. Campbell Carrington, her solicitor, it is ordered that the an two years, uninterruptedly, from the this cause; this order to be published "Washington Law Reporter" and The

mes.
By the Court: J. W. BARNARD, Justice, Etc. c Copy: Test: R. YOUNG, Clerk, etc. By FRED C. O'CONNELL, Assistant Clerk.

AUCTION SALES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 21, 1900. By vir-tue of a chattel deed of trust from Maggie Kernan, to us, dated February 19, 1900, duly re-rorded in liber 2482, follo 82, of the land records of the District of Columbia. we will sell at nubet of Columbia, we will sell on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, the auction, on WEDNESHAL, as rooms of the auction, on WEDNESHAL, as 100 o'clock a, m., at the auction rooms of CUMMINGS, 422 10th st. nw., the chattels possession as described in said trust.

G. W. McCORMICK,

PROPOSALS.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS, D. C., APRIL 23, 1990. -Scaled proposals in triplicate will be received here until NOON, MAY 23, 1990, for constructing frame ambulance stable at this post. United States reserves right to accept or reject any or all proposals, or any part thereof. Information turnished on application. Envelopes should be endorsed "Proposals for Ambulance Stable." E. S. BENTON, Q. M. ap23,24,25,99-my21,22

UNDERTAKERS. J. WILLIAM LER Undertaker and Livery

Carriages

House & Herrmann.

901-903 Seventh Street

Cor. of I (Eye) Street.

99" the best Colds

T. H. ATKINSON, 11TH AND G

ADIES' AUNDRY.

We Request TOLMAN A Trial Steam Laundry,

Package. Cor. 6th & C Sts. N.W.